Fieldcrest CUSD 6

FY19 Budget Hearing

Purpose of Budget

- Estimation of expected revenues/expenditures for budget year
- Board's expenditure authorizing document for administration
- Amended budget necessary if actual expenditures are going to exceed Board's budgetary points

Budget Opening Operating Funds

- Education = \$2,029,163 (FY18 \$1,323,125)
- O&M = \$402,717 (FY18 \$316,018)
- Transportation = \$421,412 (FY18 \$325,155)
- Working Cash = \$163,723 (FY18 \$697,251)
- Total starting operating funds = \$3,017,015 (FY18 \$2,661,549)

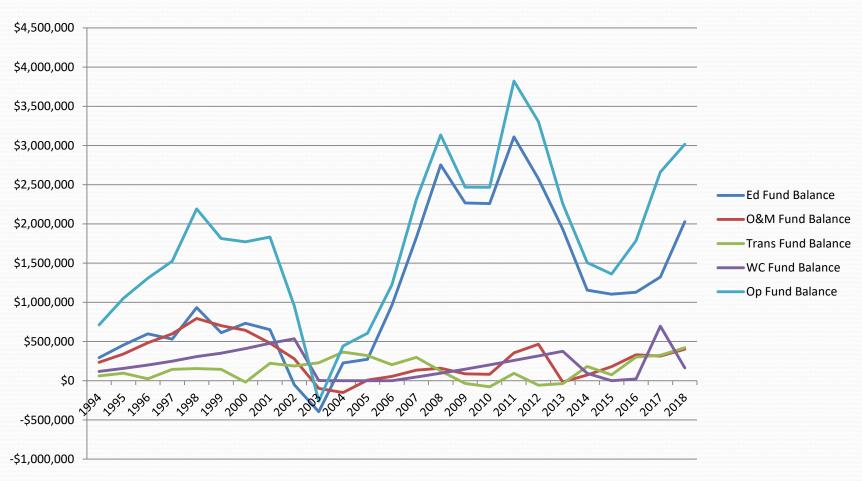
Note: At least \$150,000 in promised funds was not paid from the state during the FY18 budget year

Budget Baseline – Restricted Funds

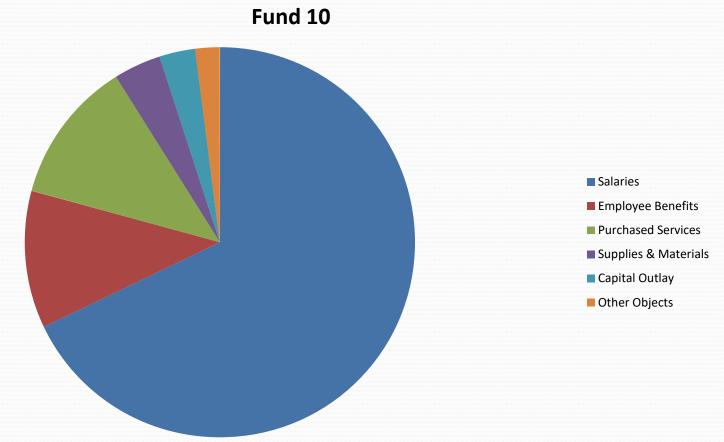
- Debt Service = \$505,399 (FY18 \$389,817)
- IMRF/SS = \$479,884 (FY18 \$462,255)
- Tort = \$166,488 (FY18 \$154,451)
- FPS = \$2,768,844* (FY18 \$132,517)

^{*\$2.74} million bond sale in spring

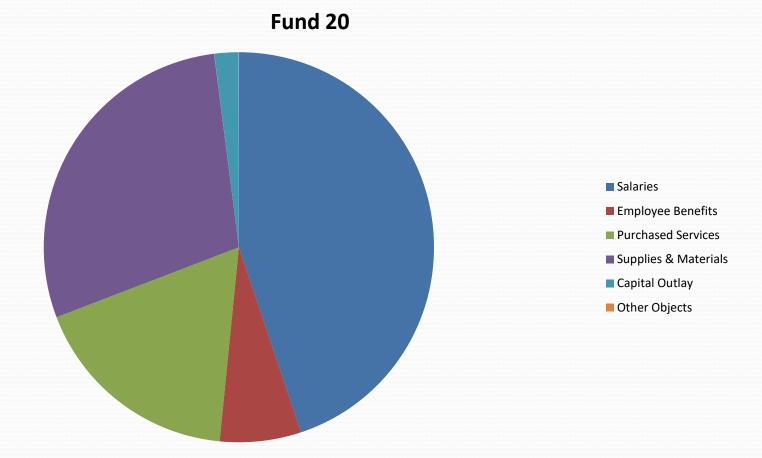
Operating Funds Historical

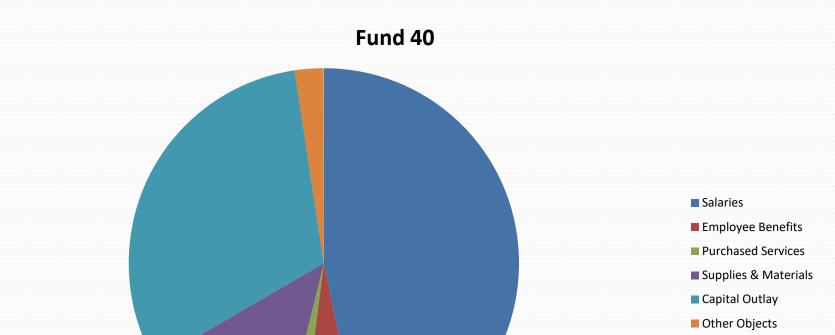


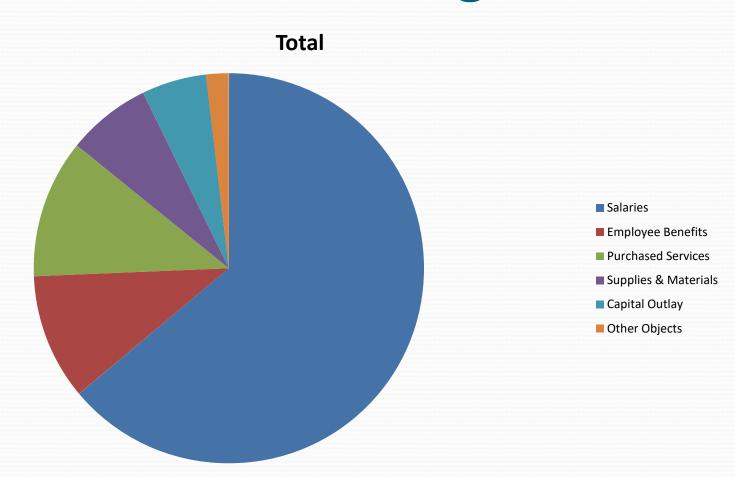












What do we control?

- Broadly speaking...
 - Negotiated contract language
 - Salaries (through negotiations), benefits (at some level), and stipends
 - Who is hired and who is let go (to a point)
 - Buildings and facilities (within code)
 - Contractors for jobs, as long as properly licensed and within bidding rules
 - Some policy language, though most is based on laws and rules

What is out of our control?

- Broadly speaking...
 - DC/Springfield legislation and rules/codes
 - Utility rates
 - Health care costs (largely)
 - IMRF/SS costs
 - Fuel/transportation
 - Special education costs
 - Negotiated/contracted costs
- Can't worry about what we can't control

Budget Highlights – Ed Fund Rev

- Anticipated Ed Fund revenue = ~\$9,840,000 (FY18 \$9,474,575)
 - Evidence Based Funding (EBF) now firmly ensconced as funding formula
 - EBF currently set at hold harmless from FY18
 - May receive more EBF, although unknown at this time
 - Should be able to avoid borrowing this year, we think, except as a short term cash flow solution sometime later in the year

Budget Highlights – Ed Fund Exp

- Anticipated Ed Fund expenditures = \$9,890,000 (FY18 \$9,463,693)
 - Likely will be a little under \$10,000,000 when all is said and done

Ed Fund Notes

- Want to avoid using WC or selling bonds or borrowing if at all possible
- However, expenditures largely set in stone for year, as contract is set and most expenditures are set up front
- ~80% of budget is in Ed Fund

Budget Highlights – O&M Fund

- Revenue = ~\$1,100,000
- Expenditures = ~\$1,400,000 (normal annual expenditures usually are much lower than this)

Budget Highlights – Trans Fund

- Revenue = ~\$1,035,000 (expect more than this when state finally figures out formulas and transportation reimbursement, plus any FY18 holdover)
- Expenditures = ~\$1,125,000 (probably a bit on the high side)

Budget Highlights – Other Funds

- Working Cash hoping to allow it to lie fallow this year if it is reasonable to back out
- Debt Service Stable, funding itself may be able to give break back to taxpayers again this tax year
- IMRF/SS Stable, funding itself
- Tort Stable, funding itself
- FPS Depending on completion of current HLS work and November 6 referendum

Three year projections

- Six retirements end of this year, with two not being replaced
- Continued probable increase in EAV will also likely add to budget – future returns of TIFs to budget
- EBF hold harmless is unknown factor
- New energy farms in district in next five years? Would be a great help
- New construction or serious repairs will affect both revenue streams and expenditures for years to come
- Budget overall will likely be very close to even over the next three years, especially in operating funds

What's next?

- Begin work rebuilding fund balances, but not at expense of education of children
- Wise but not stingy fiscal management
- Hoping not to have to do an amended budget this year, but will have to wait and see on revenue side, largely

Final Budget Thoughts

- State has stabilized on EBF side, but other payments are being truncated to make room – state still \$8 billion in the hole
- The new superintendent should be able to start the strategic planning process upon arrival
- The new superintendent should also be able to start the process of tying goals and budget together, following the initial work of the district leadership team and Board

Questions?